

TIPS FOR GETTING YOUR LICENSE FAST!

IMPORTANT LINKS

Tennessee DOS:

http://dri.vg/DWI

DOS Appointments:

http://dri.vg/ziU

Driver License Office Locations:

http://dri.vg/ziU

Fees:

http://dri.vg/W0c

DOS REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST

Proof of school attendance
Parent or guardian's written consent to receive a license
Proof of Identity Documents: http://dri.vg/EhO

DOS TESTS YOU TAKE

Road Rules Exam

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

Road Signs Exam

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

Vision Exam

Driving Skills Exam (behind the wheel)

If Applying for Regular Operator's License (not Learner's Permit)

DOS CHEATS and TIPS! CHEAT QUESTIONS FOR TENNESSEE

1. U-turns are illegal:

- At or on a railroad crossing.
- On a divided highway by crossing a dividing section, curb, strip of land, or two sets of double yellow lines.
- Where you cannot see clearly 200 feet in each direction because of a curve, hill, rain, fog, or other reason.
- Where a "No U-Turn" sign is posted.
- When other vehicles may hit you.
- · On a one-way street.
- In front of a fire station. Never use a fire station driveway to turn your vehicle around.
- 2. By accepting the privilege to drive in this state, you agree to:
- Permit law enforcement officers to test for the presence of drugs or alcohol if there is a suspicion that you may be driving under the influence.
- 3. Motorcyclists can stop much more quickly than a car so you should:
- Allow extra room between you and a motorcyclist ahead.
- 4. It is especially difficult to gauge the speed of a motorcycle because:
- They may appear to be much farther away than they really are.
- 5. Before changing lanes, signal, look in all your mirrors, and:
- Check traffic behind and beside you.
- Glance over your left or right shoulder to make sure the lane you want is clear.
- Look for all vehicles, motorcyclists, and bicycle traffic in your blind spot
- Be sure there is enough room for your vehicle in the next lane.
- 6. A flashing Red signal light means:
- Stop. After stopping, you may proceed when it is safe.
 Observe the right-of-way rules.
- 7. Do not attempt to pass unless:
- You are sure there is enough clear space ahead to complete the pass safely.





8. To avoid tailgating, use the _____

4	2 -second rule. When the vehicle ahead of you passes a certain point such as a sign, count "one-thousand-on one- thousand two." If you get to the same spot before you finish counting, you are following too close.
9.	You may pass, if it is safe to do so, when the broken yellow line is:

- On your side of the roadway.
- 10. If you are driving slowly on a two-lane highway or road where passing is unsafe, and five or more vehicles are following you:
- Drive into the turnout areas or lanes to let the vehicles pass.
- 11. You can make a right turn at a red light after you:
- Stop and yield to pedestrians, bicyclists, and vehicles close enough to be a hazard.
- 12. A teen driver with an Intermediate Restricted License may not transport more than ______ passenger under the age of 21.
 - One
- 13. When exiting a freeway or interstate:
 - Give yourself plenty of time to move over to the exit lane and signal your intentions well in advance.
- 14. Most medications taken for _____ can make a person drowsy and affect their driving.
- Colds, hay fever or other allergies or those to calm nerves
- 15. You may not pass if:
- The solid yellow line is on your side.
- 16. The center lane of a three-lane or five-lane highway is used:
- Only for turning left.
- 17. Alcohol impairs your:
- Judgment.
- 18. At intersections without "STOP" or "YIELD" signs:
- Slow down and be ready to stop. Yield to traffic and pedestrians already in the intersection or just entering the intersection.
- 19. A yellow arrow means:
- The protected turning time is ending. Be prepared to obey the next light (red or green).

20. Before you pull out to pass:

- Check your blind spots and make sure that you have plenty of time and room to pass.
- 21. What is the fastest way to sober up after drinking?
- Time is the only thing that will get alcohol out of your system. Coffee and cold showers do not work; the alcohol has to be burned off by the liver and the amount of time that takes is different for everyone.
- 22. Hydroplaning occurs:
- When driving at higher speeds in heavy rain. Your tires can lose contact with the road and ride on top of the water like skis.
- 23. The Basic Speed Law means _____
- · You could be cited for driving "too fast for conditions."
- 24. You must use your headlights:
- Between the hours of sunset and sunrise and anytime visibility is limited due to weather or smoke.
- 25. When a school crossing guard is in the crosswalk:
- · Drivers must yield or stop at the marked stop line and without stopping in the crosswalk.
- 26. A teen driver with an Intermediate Restricted License may not operate a motor vehicle between:
- 11 p.m. and 6 a.m.
- 27. Unless otherwise posted, the maximum speed limit on most roads and highways is:
 - 55 mph.
- 28. Before changing lanes:
- Look behind and to both sides to see where other vehicles are located.
- 29. If you must drive in fog or smoke:
- Slow down, turn on your low beam headlights, and be ready for a fast stop.
- 30. When turning, you should use your turn signal at least:
- 100 feet before the turn.
- 31. Parking is not allowed:
 - · On crosswalks.
 - On sidewalks.
 - In bicycle lanes
 - In front of driveways.



33. Tennessee law requires that seat belts be used byy:

- 32. Traffic lanes going in the same direction, such as on one-way streets are marked by a:
- · Solid or broken white line.

Alcohol

- The driver and front seat passengers and anyone under the age of 18 no matter where they are seated. from the nearest track when the crossing devices are active. 15 feet, but not more than 50 feet 35. If a "No Turn On Red" sign is posted: · You cannot make a right hand turn on a red light. 36. Drivers must always yield the right-of-way to: · Persons who are blind. 37. When passing a bicyclist in a travel lane be sure to allow at least _____ between your vehicle and the • 3 feet 38. Under Tennessee law, a driver under the age of 21 can be convicted of with a Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) of: • 0.02. 39. Before entering a roundabout, drivers must • Yield to pedestrians and traffic already in the roundabout. 40. When entering an interstate or freeway: · Use the acceleration lane to adjust your speed at or near the speed of traffic on the freeway so you can merge smoothly. 41. Medications taken together or used with _____ can be dangerous.



- 42. If you come upon the victims of a vehicle crash:
- Do not move an injured person who cannot move or complains of pain in the back or neck. Do not attempt to remove the helmet of an injured motorcycle or bicycle rider.
- 43. A green arrow means:
- Go. You must proceed in the direction of the arrow after yielding to pedestrians, bicyclists, and vehicles close enough to be a hazard.
- 44. Always stop for pedestrians:
 - At corners with or without traffic lights, whether or not the crosswalks are marked by painted lines.
- 45. Tennessee law prohibits the use of a cell phone by:
- Any driver possessing a learner permit or intermediate driver license.
- 46. Pedestrians and drivers must yield the right-of-way to:
- · Law enforcement vehicles, fire engines and other emergency vehicles using sirens and/ or flashing lights.
- 47. If you need to stop after crossing railroad tracks:
- Wait until you can completely cross the tracks before proceeding. Make sure your vehicle clears the tracks before you stop.
- 48. The "No Zones on a large truck refers to the:
- Large blind spots on all four sides of the truck.
- 49. Two solid yellow center lines mean that:
- No passing is allowed.