

### TIPS FOR GETTING YOUR LICENSE FAST!

### IMPORTANT LINKS

**North Carolina DMV:** 

http://dri.vg/ovU

**Driver License Office Locations:** 

http://dri.vg/hlo

Fees:

http://dri.vg/C00

## DMV REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST

Proof of school attendance
Parent or guardian's written consent to receive a license
Proof of Identity Documents: http://dri.vg/3IJ

# DMV TESTS YOU TAKE

**Road Rules Exam** 

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

**Road Signs Exam** 

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

**Vision Exam** 

**Driving Skills Exam (behind the wheel)** 

If Applying for Regular Operator's License (not Learner's Permit)

# DMV CHEATS and TIPS! CHEAT QUESTIONS FOR NORTH CAROLINA

- 1. A green arrow means:
- Go. You must proceed in the direction of the arrow after yielding to pedestrians, bicyclists, and vehicles close enough to be a hazard.
- 2. It is especially difficult to gauge the speed of a motorcycle because:
- They may appear to be much farther away than they really are.
- 3. You can receive a ticket for driving too slowly.
- TRUE.
- 4. Before changing lanes:
- Look behind and to both sides to see where other vehicles are located.
- Under North Carolina law, a driver under the age of 21 can be convicted of DWI:
- · With any amount of alcohol in his/her body.
- 6. If you miss your exit on an interstate or freeway:
- Do not stop. Proceed on to the next exit.
- 7. A roundabout is an intersection where:
- Traffic travels around a central island in a counter-clockwise direction.
- 8. When parking downhill:
- Turn your front wheels into the curb or toward the side of the road.







- 9. Following a truck too closely is dangerous because:
- The trucker can't see you and, if he applies his brakes, you could crash into him.
- 10. You may pass, if it is safe to do so, when the roadway is marked with a:
- Broken yellow line.
- 11. Red reflectors always mean you are:
- · Facing traffic the wrong way and could have a head-on collision.
- 12. If you need to stop after crossing railroad tracks:
- Wait until you can completely cross the tracks before proceeding. Make sure your vehicle clears the tracks before you stop.
- 13. If your brakes get wet and start to pull to one side:
- Slow down and gently pump the brakes until they start to work correctly.
- 14. Medications taken together or used with \_\_\_\_\_ can be dangerous.
- Alcohol
- 15. When a pedestrian is crossing a street or highway guided by a dog or carrying a white cane (or a white cane with a red tip):
- All vehicles must come to a complete stop.
- 16. If you come upon the victims of a vehicle crash:
- Do not move an injured person who cannot move or complains of pain in the back or neck. Do not attempt to remove the helmet of an injured motorcycle or bicycle rider.
- 17. When turning, you should use your turn signal at least:
- 100 feet before the turn.
- 18. A red arrow means:
- "STOP." Remain stopped until the green signal or green arrow appears. Do not turn against a red arrow.
- 19. It is illegal for anyone over the age of 21 to drive with a Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) of \_\_\_\_\_ or higher.
- 0.08
- 20. When passing a bicyclist in a travel lane be sure to allow at least \_\_\_\_\_\_ between your vehicle and the cyclist.
  - 3 feet

- 21. If you refuse to submit to a test for drugs or alcohol:
- · Your driving privileges will be automatically suspended for one year.
- 22. The Basic Speed Law means \_\_\_\_\_
- You may never legally drive faster than the posted speed limit, even if you think it is safe to do so.
- 23. If another driver does not dim his/her lights:
- . Do not look directly into the oncoming headlights.
- Look toward the right edge of your lane.
- Watch the oncoming vehicle out of the corner of your eye.
- 24. By accepting the privilege to drive in this state, you agree to:
- Permit law enforcement officers to test for the presence of drugs or alcohol if there is a suspicion that you may be driving under the influence.
- 25. Two solid yellow center lines mean that:
- No passing is allowed.
- 26. It is illegal to pass a vehicle stopped at a crosswalk because:
- A pedestrian you cannot see may be crossing the street.
- 27. Blind spots around a large truck are known as:
- "No Zones".
- 28. At a four-way stop, if more than one vehicle reaches the intersection at the same time:
- The driver on the left should yield to the driver on the right.
- 29. You cannot make a right hand turn on red if:
- A "No Turn On Red" sign is posted.
- 30. When police, fire, or other emergency vehicles approach drivers should:
- · Pull over to the closest edge of the roadway immediately and stop until the emergency vehicle has passed.
- 31. Before you pull out to pass:
  - · Check your blind spots and make sure that you have plenty of time and room to pass.

- 32. When a school bus is flashing its yellow (amber) lights:
- It is about to stop; slow down and prepare to stop.
- 33. You may not pass if:
- The solid yellow line is on your side.
- 34. To avoid tailgating, use the \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 -second rule. When the vehicle ahead of you passes a certain point such as a sign, count "one-thousand-one, one-thousand two." If you get to the same spot before you finish counting, you are following too close.
- 35. U-turns are illegal:
- At or on a railroad crossing.
- On a divided highway by crossing a dividing section, curb, strip of land, or two sets of double yellow lines.
- Where you cannot see clearly 200 feet in each direction because of a curve, hill, rain, fog, or other reason.
- Where a "No U-Turn" sign is posted.
- · When other vehicles may hit you.
- On a one-way street.
- In front of a fire station. Never use a fire station driveway to turn your vehicle around.
- 36. You must turn on your headlights:
- Whenever you are driving in rain, fog, or smoke.
- 37. At intersections without "STOP" or "YIELD" signs:
- Slow down and be ready to stop. Yield to traffic and pedestrians already in the intersection or just entering the intersection.
- 38. The center lane of a three-lane or five-lane highway is used:
- Only for turning left.
- 39. When driving in rain or fog:
- Use your low beams only and never drive with parking lights only.
- 40. Motorcyclists can stop much more quickly than a car so you should:
- Allow extra room between you and a motorcyclist ahead.
- 41. Unless otherwise posted, the maximum speed limit on a rural interstate is:
  - 70 mph.



- 42. North Carolina law prohibits the use of cell phones by drivers:
- Under the age of 18.
- 43. You must follow any lawful orders or directions of:
- Any law enforcement officer or a fireman at the scene who is directing traffic.
- 44. Alcohol impairs your:
- · Judgment.
- 45. When entering an interstate or freeway:
- Use the acceleration lane to adjust your speed at or near the speed of traffic on the freeway so you can merge smoothly.
- 46. North Carolina law requires that seat belts be used by:
- The driver and all passengers.
- 47. When stopped for a school bus with its red lights flashing and its stop arm extended, you may not proceed until:
- The bus driver has turned off the flashing red lights and withdrawn the stop arm.
- 48. Traffic lanes going in the same direction, such as on one-way streets are marked by a:
- · Solid or broken white line.
- 49. Unless otherwise posted, the maximum speed limit in a residential zone is:
  - 30 mph.