TIPS FOR GETTING YOUR LICENSE FAST!

IMPORTANT LINKS

Vermont DMV:

http://dri.vg/pZ9

DMV Appointments:

http://dri.vg/9B0

Driver License Office Locations

http://dri.vg/9B0

Fees:

http://dri.vg/yMo

DMV REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST

	Parent or guardian's written consent to receive a license
	Proof of Identity Documents: http://dri.vg/IMK

DMV TESTS YOU TAKE

Road Rules Exam

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

Road Signs Exam

Practice exam available online at: www.TestQuestionsAndAnswers.com

Vision Exam

Driving Skills Exam (behind the wheel)

If Applying for Regular Operator's License (not Learner's Permit)

DMV CHEATS and TIPS!CHEAT QUESTIONS FOR VERMONT

- 1. Two solid yellow center lines mean that:
- · No passing is allowed.
- 2. Pedestrians and drivers must yield the right-of-way to:
- Law enforcement vehicles, fire engines and other emergency vehicles using sirens and/ or flashing lights.
- 3. If you refuse to submit to a test for drugs or alcohol:
- Your driving privileges will be automatically suspended for six months.
- 4. A flashing yellow signal light means:
- Proceed with caution. Slow down and be especially alert before entering the intersection.
- 5. If road or weather conditions are not good:
- Double your following distance.
- 6. The safest speed is:
- One that allows you to have complete control of your vehicle and avoid collisions with other vehicles and pedestrians.
- 7. When stopped for a school bus with its red lights flashing and its stop arm extended, you may not proceed until:
- The bus driver has turned off the flashing red lights and withdrawn the stop arm.
- 8. If you must drive in fog or smoke:
- Slow down, turn on your low beam headlights, and be ready for a fast stop.

- 9. Center left turn lanes may not be used to:
- Drive more than 200 feet.
- · Pass other vehicles.
- 10. You must follow any lawful orders or directions of:
- · Any law enforcement officer or a fireman at the scene who is directing traffic.
- 11. You may not pass if:
- The solid yellow line is on your side.
- 12. In Vermont it is against the law for drivers to:
- · Read (or send) messages while driving.
- 13. You must turn on your headlights:
- · Whenever you are driving in rain, fog, or smoke.
- 14. If the traffic signal is not working:
- Treat the intersection as if it is controlled by stop signs in all directions.
- 15. Before changing lanes:
- · Look behind and to both sides to see where other vehicles are located.
- 16. Before you pull out to pass:
- Check your blind spots and make sure that you have plenty of time and room to pass.
- 17. You cannot make a right hand turn on red if:
- A "No Turn On Red" sign is posted.
- 18. You can receive a ticket for driving so slowly that:
- You impede or block the safe flow of traffic around you.
- 19. U-turns are illegal:
- At or on a railroad crossing.
- On a divided highway by crossing a dividing section, curb, strip of land, or two sets of double yellow lines.
- · Where you cannot see clearly 200 feet in each direction because of a curve, hill, rain, fog, or other reason.
- Where a "No U-Turn" sign is posted.
- · When other vehicles may hit you.
- On a one-way street.
- In front of a fire station. Never use a fire station driveway to turn your vehicle around.
- 20. A blind pedestrian can be identified by the use of:
- A guide dog or a white cane (or a white cane with a red tip).

21. A yellow arrow means:

- The protected turning time is ending. Be prepared to obey the next light (red or green).
- 22. When passing a bicyclist in a travel lane be sure to allow at least ______ between your vehicle and the cyclist.
- 4 feet
- 23. You should allow extra room between your vehicle and a motorcycle ahead because:
- Motorcyclists can stop much more quickly than a larger vehicle.
- 24. The center of a road used for two-way traffic is marked with a:
- · Solid or broken yellow line.
- 25. In heavy rain, at speeds above 50 mph, your tires can lose contact with the road and ride on top of the water; this is known as:
- · Hydroplaning.
- 26. When entering an interstate or freeway:
- Use the entrance ramp to signal and look for an opening in traffic, adjust your speed to match that of the traffic on the freeway.
- 27. The center lane of a three-lane or five-lane highway is used:
- Only for turning left.
- 28. Blind spots around a large truck are known as:
- "No Zones."
- 29. You must use your headlights:
- Between the hours of sunset and sunrise and anytime visibility is limited due to weather or smoke.
- 30. It is especially difficult to gauge the speed of a motorcycle because:
- They may appear to be much farther away than they really are.
- 31. When exiting a freeway or interstate:
- Give yourself plenty of time to move over to the exit lane and signal your intentions well in advance.

- 32. When police, fire, or other emergency vehicles approach drivers should:
- Pull over to the closest edge of the roadway immediately and stop until the emergency vehicle has passed.
- 33. Roads are most slippery:
- · Just after it begins to rain.
- 34. Vermont law requires that seat belts be worn by:
- The driver and all passengers.
- 35. Using the _____ rule will help you maintain a safe distance between you and the vehicle ahead.
- 4 -second rule. When the vehicle ahead of you passes a certain point such as a sign, count "one-thousand-one, one-thousand two, one-thousand-three, one-thousand-four." If you get to the same spot before you finish counting, you are following too close.
- 36. A roundabout is an intersection where:
- Traffic travels around a central island in a counter-clockwise direction.
- 37. When two cars enter an intersection without traffic control signs or signals:
- The driver on the left yields to the driver on the right.
- 38. If you come upon the victims of a vehicle crash:
- Do not move an injured person who cannot move or complains of pain in the back or neck. Do not attempt to remove the helmet of an injured motorcycle or bicycle rider.
- 39. When turning, you should use your turn signal at least:
- 100 feet before the turn.
- 40. If you miss your exit on an interstate or freeway:
- Do not stop. Proceed on to the next exit.
- 41. Unless otherwise posted, the maximum speed limit on most roads and highways is:
- 50 mph.

- 42. Alcohol impairs your:
- · Judgment.
- 43. Before entering a roundabout, drivers must:
 - Yield to pedestrians and traffic already in the roundabout.
- 44. You must never drive to the left of double solid yellow lines or a solid yellow line on your side of the roadway unless you are:
- Turning left at an intersection.
- · Turning into or out of a private road or driveway.
- In a carpool lane that has a designated entrance on the left.
- · Instructed by construction or other signs to drive on the left because your side of the road is closed or blocked.
- 45. If your brakes get wet and start to pull to one side:
- Slow down and gently pump the brakes until they start to work correctly.
- 46. For the first three months after receipt of a Junior Operator License, a driver:
- · Is restricted to driving alone.
- 47. Under Vermont law, a driver under the age of 21 can be charged with DUI if tests show a Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) of:
- .02 or higher.
- 48. The Basic Speed Law means:
- · You could be cited for driving "too fast for conditions."
- 49. HOV lanes on freeways are marked with a:
- White Diamond and the words "Carpool Lane."